

## SAFETY DATA SHEET Revision 9

#### **Inspire Bromine Granules**

#### 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product Identifier

Trade Name: Bromine Granules

#### 1.2 Relevant Identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses: For disinfection of pool and spa water.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Superior Wellness Ltd

Superior House Broombank Park Chesterfield

Derbyshire S41 9RT

Telephone: 01246 559071

E-mail: info@superiorwellness.co.uk

1.4 Emergency Telephone

Tel: +44 (0) 8712 229081 (office hours) +44 (0) 371 2229084 (outside of office hours)

#### 2. Hazard Identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard Class Hazard Statements

Acute Tox. 4 \* H302
Eye Irrit. 2 H319
STOT SE 3 H335
STOT SE 3 H400
Aquatic Acute/Chronic 1 H410

For the full text of the H statements mentioned in this section see Section 16.

#### Most important adverse effects

Human Health: See section 11 for toxicological information
Physical & Chemical Hazards: See section 9 for physicochemical information
Potential environmental effects: See section 12 for environmental information

## 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard symbols:







Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH031 Contact with acid liberates toxic gas

EUH026 Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases

(chlorine).

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children

#### 2. Hazard Identification...cont

Precautionary statements: P103 Read label before use

P220 Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P405 Store locked up

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if

present and easy to do - continue rinsing

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with legislation

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label

Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate

#### 2.3 Other Hazards

PBT / vPvB: Not applicable

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2 Mixture

sodium dichloroisocyanurate

CAS No	EC No	CLP Classification	Percent
2893-78-9	220-767-7	Acute Tox. 4 * H302; Eye Irrit. 2	91%
REACH No	01-2119489371-33-XXXX	H319;STOT SE3 H335/H400; Aquatic	
Index No	C12 020 00 V	Acute 1 H410	

#### Sodium Bromide

231-599-9	7647-15- 6	_	Repr.1B H360	9.10%
231-599-9	7047-13-0	_	kehi to upon	9.10%

Note: This substance may be marketed in an explosive form in which case it must be evaluated using the appropriate test methods. The classification and labelling provided shall reflect the explosive properties.

## 4. First Aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Advice: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Contact with combustible material may cause

fire. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a

poison centre or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin Contact: If on clothing: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before

removing clothes. Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops

and persists

Eye Contact: Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if

irritation develops and persists

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the

lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms & Effects: Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

vision. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.

### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm and

under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### 5. Fire fighting measures

**General Fire Hazards:** May intensify fire; oxidiser. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable media: Water in copious amounts.

Unsuitable media: Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Halogenated materials

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific Hazards: Greatly increases the burning rate of combustible materials. Containers may explode when

heated. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Chlorine. Nitrogen trichloride.

Hydrogen chloride. Nitrogen Oxides. Carbon monoxide.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Method/Procedure: In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you

can do so without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Use standard

firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials

## **6. Accidental release Measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Non emergency personell: Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep away

from clothing and other combustible materials. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local

authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Emergency Responders Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the

SDS.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of

all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge

into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cleaning/Containment Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep

combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Ventilate the contaminated area. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped

with HEPA filter

Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if without risk. **Large Spills:** Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand/earth and place into containers. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product

recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.

Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS

#### 7. Handling and storage

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling: Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure

that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Keep away from heat. Provide appropriate exhaust

#### 7. Handling and storage

ventilation at places where dust is formed. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Storage Store locked up. Keep away from heat. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in

tightly closed container a well-ventilated place. Do not store near combustible materials. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS). Keep away from sources of

ignition and heat.

7.3 Specific end uses

Specific use(s) Sanitizers, disinfectants, fungicides, bactericides, algaecides for swimming pools, spas, hot tubs,

septic tanks, and sewage treatments, dish-washing detergents and bleach.

### 8. Exposure control/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate Dihydrate,

	Value	Factor	Notes			
Derived no effect levels (DNELs)						
General Population						
L-t, Systemic, Dermal	1.15 mg/kg bw/day	100	Repeated dose toxicity			
L-t, Systemic, Inhalation	1.99 mg/m3	50	Repeated dose toxicity			
L-t, Systemic, Oral	1.15 mg/kg bw/day	100				
Workers						
L-t, Systemic, Dermal	2.3 mg/kg bw/day	50	Repeated dose toxicity			
L-t, Systemic, Inhalation	8.11 mg/m3	25	Repeated dose toxicity			
Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)						
Freshwater	0 mg/l	1000				
Marine water	1.52 mg/l	50				
Sediment (freshwater)	7.56 mg/kg	100				
Soil	0.756 mg/kg	1000				
STP	0.59 mg/l	100				
L-t = Long Term						

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If

applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits. Provide eyewash station.

### Personal protective equipment

General information Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen

according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective

equipment.

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye protection should meet standard EN 166

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### 8. Exposure control/personal protection

8.2 Exposure controls

Respiratory protection Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear respirator with dust

filter.

Skin and body protection

Thermal Hazards:

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene Measures: Keep from Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

clothing promptly. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants

Environmental Controls: Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Emissions

from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable

levels.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: Granules
Colour: White
Odour: Chlorine

pH @ 20°C: 6.6 (Approx.) (1% aqueous solution)

Auto-ignition temperature 225 °C (437 °F)

Decomposition temperature 240 - 250 °C (464 - 482 °F) (Approx.)

Partition coeffcient:n-octanol/water: No data available
Explosive properties: Product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties: May intensify fire; oxidiser.

9.2 Other Information

Bulk density 0.80 g/mL min. (Granular)

0.75 g/mL min. (Medium granular)

Molecular formula C3-H-Cl2-N3-O3.Na Molecular weight 219.95 g/mol

## 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Reactivity Contact with water may form hypochlorous acid. The product is stable and non-reactive under

normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2 Chemical stability

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions

### 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials. Keep away from moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Acids. Combustible material. Alkalis. Other chlorine agents. Oils/fats

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. Decomp. products: Chlorine. Nitrogen trichloride. Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide (CO).

#### 11. Toxicilogical Information

**General information:** No adverse effects are expected.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Dust may irritate respiratory system. Skin contact Dust or powder may irritate the skin.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation. Ingestion Harmful if swallowed

Symptoms Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

vision. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.

#### 11.1 Information on toxilogical effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed

Sodium dichloroisocyanurate (CAS 2893-78-9)
Oral Acute LD50 Rat 1823 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Eye damage/irritation. Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Ames test: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Reproductive toxicity

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Aspiration hazard Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Mixture versus substance The product is a substance.

Other information Not available

#### 12. Ecological Information

## 12.1 Toxicity

**Acute Toxicity** Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate

Species	Time	Test	Value	Units
Fish - Oryzias latipes	96h	LC50	0	mg/l

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Isocyanurate decomposition to carbon dioxide and ammonia.

#### 12. Ecological Information

#### 12.3 Bioaccumlative potential

Bioaccumlative potential Isocyanuric acid: Not bioaccumulative.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Soluble in water, predicted to have high mobility in soil.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and PvB assessment

PBT and PvB assessment This substance does not meet vPvB / PBT criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Remarks: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component

## 13. Disposal Considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Residual waste Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal

instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

EU waste code The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Disposal methods Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Special precautions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations

### 14. Transport Information

14.1 UN Number	UN2465
----------------	--------

## **14.2 UN proper shipping name** DICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, SALTS

# 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ransport	nazaro ciass(es)	
ADR/RID/A	5.1	
IMDG	Subsidiary risk	-
	Hazard label	5.1
	Hazard No (ADR)	50
	Tunnel Code	E
IATA	Class	5.1
	Subsidiary risk	-

**ERG Code** 

5L

#### 14. Transport Information

14.4 Packaging Group

14.5 Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Yes
Marine Pollutant Yes
EmS F-A, S-Q

**14.6 Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code N/a

General information IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant

### 15. Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for this substance or mixture.

EU egulations The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP

Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation

(EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

Other regulations Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as

amended.

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment** Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

#### 16. Other information

Full text of H-statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.
 H302 Harmful if swallowed.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH031 Contact with acid liberates toxic gas

EUH026 Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlorine).

Restricted to professional users. Attention - Avoid exposure- obtain special instructions before use

This information is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty or merchantability, or fitness for any particular use, or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to this information, and we assume no liability resulting from use of this information Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular needs and uses.

Indicates updated section.